Tumor dissociation methods reveal potential distinct fibroblast groups

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Modeling the Role of Lymph Node Metastases in Tumor-Mediated Immunosuppression.



Background: Enzymatic vs mechanical tissue dissociation causes changes in expression in multiple cell types



Flow cytometry surface analysis of splenocytes shows artificial protein expression using dispase or collagenase for tissue dissociation.

Autengruber A, et. al. Impact of enzymatic tissue disintegration on the level of surface molecule expression and immune cell function Eur J Microbiol Immunol (Bp) 2012 Type 1 collagenase shows increased protein expression of CCR7, CD127, CD45RA, and CXCR4 in lymphocytes of the gut using CyTOF



Trapecar M. et al, **An optimized and validated method for isolation and characterization of lymphocytes from HIV+ human gut biopsies** AIDS Res and Hum Retro 2017

Methods: Tissue dissociation in primary tissue from head and neck cancer patients



Enzymatic dissociation releases more fibroblasts for scRNA capture than mechanical dissociation



Cell death/stress pathways significantly increased in enzymatic vs mechanical dissociation in scRNAseq



Heat shock stress response is significantly upregulated in enzymatic vs mechanical from scRNAseq data



Distinct gene expression between enzymatic and mechanical digestion that could potentially reflect differences in subpopulations from digestion release or effects from enzyme digestion



methods lead to unique celltype specific transcriptional changes in fibroblasts ENZYMATIC MTRNR2L12 •MTRNR2I HLA-DRB CERP -CXCL13 CRTAC1 MECHANICAL Enzymatic digestion is associated with increased cell

Pathways upregulated in cluster 1: MAPK signaling pathway Apoptosis signaling pathway Regulation of HSF1-mediated heat shock response ATF-2 transcription factor (DNA damage response)

death and cell stress genomic changes in all four cell subsets

Different dissociation

Pathways upregulated in cluster 2: RNA polymerase II transcription JAK STAT molecular variation IL-6 signaling IL-8 and CXCR1 mediated signaling events Role of erbb2 in signal transduction and oncology MAPK1 activation



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